

Highlights:

- Assay range from 0.2 to 6 parts per billion
- Results in under two hours

Contents of Kit:

- 12 strips of 8 antibody-coated wells each, in plate frame
- 1 vial of Imidacloprid Negative Control
- 1 vial of 0.2 ppb Imidacloprid Calibrator
- 1 vial of 1 ppb Imidacloprid Calibrator
- 1 vial of 6 ppb Imidacloprid Calibrator
- 1 bottle of Imidacloprid-enzyme Conjugate
- 1 bottle of Substrate
- 1 bottle of Stop Solution

Precision

	Recovery (%CV)	OD (%CV)
Intra-Assay n=7		
0.5 ppb	6.1%	1.7%
3 ppb	1.9%	1.3%
Inter-Assay n=11		
0.5 ppb	6.9%	n/a
3 ppb	5.7%	n/a

Catalog Number EP 006

Intended Use

The EnviroLogix QuantiPlate Kit for Imidacloprid is designed for the quantitative laboratory detection of Imidacloprid pesticide residues in ground and surface water samples, with an assay range from 0.2 to 6 parts per billion (ppb).

How the Test Works

This Kit is a competitive Enzyme-Linked ImmunoSorbent Assay (ELISA). In the test, Imidacloprid pesticide residues in the sample compete with enzyme (horseradish peroxidase)-labeled Imidacloprid for a limited number of antibody binding sites on the inside surface of the test wells.

After a simple wash step, the outcome of the competition is visualized with a color development step. As with all competitive immunoassays, sample concentration is inversely proportional to color development.

Darker color = Lower concentration

Lighter color = Higher concentration

Limit of Detection

The Limit of Detection (LOD) of the EnviroLogix Imidacloprid Plate Kit is 0.07 ppb. The LOD was determined by interpolation at 91.5% B₀* from a standard curve. 91.5% B₀ was determined to be 3 standard deviations from the mean of a population of negative water samples.

**100% B₀ equals the maximum amount of Imidacloprid-enzyme conjugate that is bound by the antibody in the absence of any Imidacloprid in the sample (i.e. negative control). % B₀ = (OD of Sample or Calibrator/OD of Negative Control) x 100.*

Limit of Quantification

The Limit of Quantification (LOQ) of the EnviroLogix Imidacloprid Plate Kit was validated at 0.3 ppb (quantification between the 0.2 ppb lowest calibrator and 0.3 ppb may be reliable, but has not been validated). The LOQ was determined by fortifying a population of negative water samples at 0.3 ppb. The mean recovery was 104% with a coefficient of variation [CV, (standard deviation/mean) x 100] of 7.4%.

Precision

Imidacloprid-fortified control solutions were repetitively analyzed both within a single assay, and in different assays on different days. The data is expressed as %CV for both the recovered concentration and for absorbance (OD).

Fortification and Recovery

Six ground and surface water samples were fortified with Imidacloprid to a concentration of 2 ppb. The average recovery was 110%, with a CV of 7.9%.

Cross-Reactivity

The EnviroLogix Imidacloprid Plate Kit does not distinguish between Imidacloprid and certain other compounds, but detects their presence to differing

Cross Reactivity – non-reactive up to 1000 ppb (1 ppm)

Metalaxyl	Endosulfan I
Isofenphos	Endosulfan II
Bifenthrin	Endosulfan sulfate
Aldrin	Endrin aldehyde
α-BHC	Heptochlor epoxide
β-BHC	Carbofuran
γ-BHC	Oxamyl
δ-BHC	Methomyl
p,p'-DDT	Aldicarb
p,p'-DDE	Aldicarb sulfone
p,p'-DDD	Aldicarb sulfoxide
Endrin	3-hydroxycarbofuran
Deltamethrin	Cyfluthrin

Cross Reactivity – non-reactive up to 100,000 ppb (100 ppm)

Humic acid

degrees. The following table shows the value for 50% B₀ and the value for 91.5% B₀ for a list of compounds. Concentration is in ppb.

Compound	50% B ₀	91.5% B ₀
Imidacloprid	1.05	0.07
Imidacloprid Olefin	3.3	0.15
DesNitro Imidacloprid	1.75	0.09
Imidacloprid Urea	3.1	0.17
Thiamethoxam	2200	46
Thiacloprid	1.3	0.17
Clothianidin	1450	85
Acetamiprid	4.4	0.21

The compounds listed at left were found to be non-reactive up to 1000 ppb (1 part per million; ppm), and humic acid was non-reactive up to 100 ppm.

Items Not Provided

- disposable tip, adjustable air-displacement pipette to deliver 100 microliters (μL)
- marking pen (indelible)
- tape or Parafilm®
- timer (1 hour and 30 minutes)
- cool tap or distilled water for rinsing wells
- microtiter plate or strip reader
- wash bottle or microtiter plate or strip washer (optional)
- twelve-channel pipette that will measure 100 μL (optional)
- racked dilution tubes for loading samples into the plate with a multi-channel pipette (optional)
- orbital plate shaker (optional)

How to Run the Assay

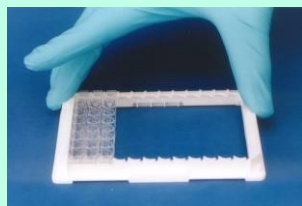
- Read all of these instructions before running the kit.
- Allow all reagents to reach room temperature before beginning (at least 30 minutes with un-boxed strips and reagents at room temperature - do not remove strips from bag with desiccant until they have warmed up).
- Organize all samples, reagents and pipettes so that steps 1 and 2 can be performed in 15 minutes or less.
- If more than three strips are to be run at one time, the loading time will most likely exceed 10 minutes, and the use of a multi-channel pipette is recommended (see “Note” below).
- If three or fewer strips are to be run, use a disposable-tip, air-displacement pipette and a clean pipette tip to add each Calibrator and sample to the wells. Conjugate, Substrate, and Stop Solution may be added in the same manner; alternatively, use a repeating pipette with a disposable tip for these three reagents.
- If fewer than all twelve strips are used, reseal the remaining strips and the desiccant in the foil pouch, and refrigerate.
- Use the well identification markings on the plate frame as a guide when adding the samples and reagents. Two strips may be used to run the Negative Control (NC), three Calibrators (C1-C3) and four samples, in duplicate. More samples require more strips. Refer to Figure 1 for a quantitative assay example plate layout.



Remove unneeded strips



Add Calibrators and samples



Mix plate



Bottle Wash method



Complete protocol and add Stop Solution

1. Add **100 µL** of **Negative Control (NC)**, **100 µL** of each **Calibrator (C1-C3)** and **100 µL** of each **sample (S1-S8)** to their respective wells, as shown in Figure 1. Follow this same order of addition for all reagents.

NOTE: In order to minimize setup time it is recommended that a multi-channel pipette be used in steps 1, 2, 6 and 8 when more than three strips are used.

2. Immediately add **100 µL** of **Imidacloprid-enzyme Conjugate** to each well.
3. Thoroughly mix the contents of the wells by moving the strip holder in a rapid circular motion on the benchtop for a full 20-30 seconds. Be careful not to spill the contents!
4. Cover the wells with tape or Parafilm to prevent evaporation and incubate at ambient temperature for **1 hour**. If an orbital plate shaker is available, shake plate at 200 rpm.
5. After incubation, carefully remove the covering and vigorously shake the contents of the wells into a sink or other suitable container. Flood the wells completely with cool tap water, then shake to empty. Repeat this wash step four times. Slap the plate on a paper towel to remove as much water as possible. Alternatively, use a microtiter plate washer for the wash step.
6. Add **100 µL** of **Substrate** to each well.
7. Thoroughly mix the contents of the wells, as in step 3. Cover the wells with new tape or Parafilm and incubate for **30 minutes** at ambient temperature. Use orbital shaker if available.

Caution: Stop Solution is 1.0 N Hydrochloric acid. Handle carefully.

8. Add **100 µL** of **Stop Solution** to each well and mix thoroughly. This will turn the well contents yellow.

NOTE: Read the plate within 30 minutes of the addition of Stop Solution.

How to Interpret the Results

Spectrophotometric Measurement

1. Set the wavelength of your microtiter plate reader to 450 nanometers (nm). (If it has dual wavelength capability, use 600, 630 or 650 nm as the reference wavelength.)
2. If the plate reader does not auto-zero on air, zero the instrument against 200 µL water in a blank well. Measure and record the optical density (OD) of each well's contents. Alternatively, measure and record the OD in every well, then subtract the OD of the water blank from each of the readings.
3. A **semi-log** curve fit for the standard curve should be used if the microtiter plate reader you are using has data reduction capabilities. If not, calculate the results manually as described in the next section.

How to Calculate the Results

1. After reading the wells, average the OD of each set of calibrators and samples, and calculate the %B₀ as follows:

$$\%B_0 = \frac{\text{average OD of Calibrator or sample} \times 100}{\text{average OD of Negative Control}}$$

The %B₀ calculation is used to equalize different runs of an assay. While the raw OD values of Negative Controls, Calibrators, and samples may differ



Read strips or plate in a Plate Reader within 30 minutes of the addition of Stop Solution

from run to run, the %B₀ relationship of calibrators and samples to the Negative Control should remain fairly constant.

The %B₀ of each Calibrator should fall within these ranges:

Calibrator	% B ₀
0.2 ppb	75 - 86%
1 ppb	40 - 57%
6 ppb	14 - 24%

The CV for each pair of Calibrator and sample OD values should not exceed 15%.

- Graph the %B₀ of each Calibrator against its Imidacloprid concentration on a semi-log scale (see Figure 3).
- Determine the Imidacloprid concentration of each sample by finding its %B₀ value and the corresponding concentration level on the graph.
- Interpolation of sample concentration is only possible if the %B₀ of the sample falls within the range of %B₀'s of the Calibrators.

If the %B₀ of a sample is higher than that of the lowest Calibrator, the sample must be reported as less than 0.2 ppb.

If the %B₀ of a sample is lower than that of the highest Calibrator, the sample must be reported as greater than 6 ppb. If a concentration must be determined for these high level samples, dilute the sample 1:20 in distilled water. Run this dilution in a repeat of the immunoassay. If the result now falls within the range of the %B₀'s of the Calibrators, you must then multiply the concentration measured in the diluted sample by a factor of 20.

Figure 1. Example of a typical plate setup:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	NC	NC										
B	C1	C1										
C	C2	C2										
D	C3	C3										
E	S1	S1										
F	S2	S2										
G	S3	S3										
H	S4	S4										



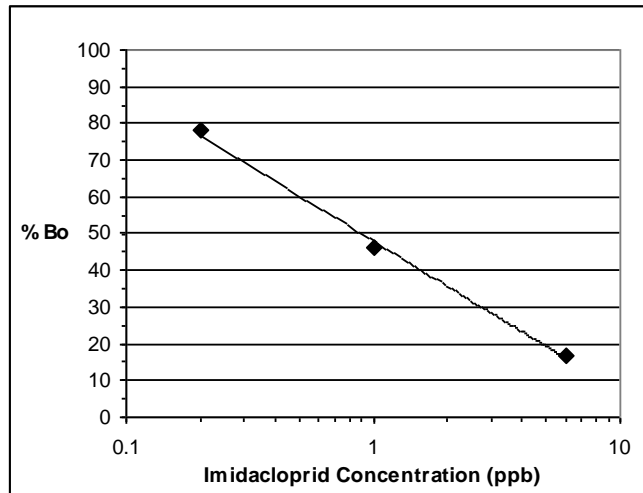
Figure 2. Illustrative calculations:

Well contents	OD	Average OD ± sd	%CV	%B ₀	Imidacloprid Concentration
Negative Control	1.992 2.008	2.000 ± 0.011	0.6	100	NA
0.2 ppb Calibrator	1.541 1.584	1.563 ± 0.004	0.4	78	NA
1 ppb Calibrator	0.909 0.915	0.912 ± 0.004	0.4	46	NA
6 ppb Calibrator	0.334 0.331	0.333 ± 0.002	0.6	17	NA
Sample	0.519 0.495	0.507 ± 0.017	3.3	25.3	3.49 ppb

Actual values may vary; this data is for demonstration purposes only.



Figure 3. Illustrative standard curve



Precautions and Notes

- Store all QuantiPlate Kit components at 4°C to 8°C (39°F to 46°F) when not in use.
- Do not expose QuantiPlate Kit components to temperatures greater than 37°C (99°F) or less than 2°C (36°F).
- Allow all reagents to reach ambient temperature (18°C to 27°C or 64°F to 81°F) before use.
- Do not use kit components after the expiration date.
- Do not use reagents or test well strips from one QuantiPlate Kit with reagents or test well strips from a different QuantiPlate Kit.
- Do not expose Substrate to sunlight during pipetting or while incubating in the test wells.
- As with all tests, it is recommended that results be confirmed by an alternate method when necessary.
- The assay has been optimized to be used with the protocol provided in the kit. Deviation from this protocol may invalidate the results of the test.
- Observe any applicable regulations when disposing of samples and kit reagents.



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LIMITED WARRANTY

EnviroLogix Inc. (“EnviroLogix”) warrants the products sold hereunder (“the Products”) against defects in materials and workmanship when used in accordance with the applicable instructions for a period not to extend beyond a product’s printed expiration date. If the Products do not conform to this Limited Warranty and the customer notifies EnviroLogix in writing of such defects during the warranty period, including an offer by the customer to return the Products to EnviroLogix for evaluation, EnviroLogix will repair or replace, at its option, any product or part thereof that proves defective in materials or workmanship within the warranty period.

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THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE. The sole and exclusive obligation of EnviroLogix shall be to repair or replace the defective Products in the manner and for the period provided above. EnviroLogix shall not have any other obligation with respect to the Products or any part thereof, whether based on contract, tort, strict liability or otherwise. Under no circumstances, whether based on this Limited Warranty or otherwise, shall EnviroLogix be liable for incidental, special, or consequential damages.

This Limited Warranty states the entire obligation of EnviroLogix with respect to the Products. If any part of this Limited Warranty is determined to be void or illegal, the remainder shall remain in full force and effect.

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Material Safety Data Sheet
OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	Stop Solution
Trade name:	L.O.N HCl
Synonyms:	10825, 10827, 10828, 11193, 11776 (XGID007)
Part number:	Laboratory chemicals
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against application of the substance / the preparation :	
1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	Envirologix Inc., 500 Riverside Industrial Pkwy, Portland ME 04103, USA Phone: (207) 797-0300
1.4 Emergency telephone number:	(207) 797-0300 Technical Service

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture	Hazard Classes	
Classification according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200	Metal Corrosive (Cat. 1)	H290
	Skin Irritation (Cat 2)	H315
	Serious Eye damage (Cat. 1)	H318
2.2 Label elements		
Labeling according to OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200		
Hazard pictograms :		
Signal word :	Warning	
Hazard statements:	H290 May be corrosive to metals H315 Causes skin irritation H318 Causes serious eye damage	
Precautionary statements:	P281 Use personal protective equipment as required P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
2.3 Other Statements	None	

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixture				
Aqueous solution 1N Hydrochloric Acid (1N HCl, 3% HCl)				
Chemical name	Amount (%)	CAS No	Classification According to OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200	
			EC No	Hazard Code
Hydrochloric acid	1-4%	7647-01-0	Hazard Classification:	
			May be Corrosive to Metals	
			Causes Skin Irritation	
		231-595-7	Causes Serious Eye Damage	

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures	
After inhalation :	In case of inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.
After skin contact :	In case of skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash affected area with mild soap or detergent for at least 10 minutes or until no evidence of chemical remains.
After eye contact :	In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Lifting eyelids occasionally, until no evidence of chemical remains. Get medical attention immediately.
After swallowing :	In case of ingestion: DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:	May cause skin irritation and eye damage
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:	DO NOT use sodium bicarbonate in an attempt to neutralize the acid.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media:	CO ₂ , extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:	Hydrogen Chloride gas
5.3 Advice for firefighters:	Wear protective gear appropriate for fire conditions including respiratory protective gear.

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	In the case of spilled mixture wear gloves to prevent skin contact. In the case of a large spill, additional protection is recommended.
6.2 Environmental precautions:	Do not discharge mixture to sewer system or waterways.

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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleanup:

Absorb in paper towel and discard in appropriate waste. Clean with water afterwards. Large spills may be neutralized with dilute solutions of sodium carbonate or calcium oxide.

6.4 References to other sections:

For safe handling refer to Section 7. For information on PPE refer to Section 8. For disposal refer to Section 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:	Practice good chemical hygiene when handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Store in tightly closed, non-metal container, in a corrosive compatible area. Prevent direct sunlight and heat. Store in well aired storage rooms.
7.3 Specific end use(s):	Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2, no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Exposure limits:	Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:									
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hydrogen Chloride</th> <th>European (Commission directive 96/94)</th> <th>USA (OSHA)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>8hr TWA = 5 ppm (7.5 mg/m³)</td> <td>Ceiling Limit = 5 ppm (7.5 mg/m³)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>STEL = 10 ppm (15 mg/m³)</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Hydrogen Chloride	European (Commission directive 96/94)	USA (OSHA)		8hr TWA = 5 ppm (7.5 mg/m ³)	Ceiling Limit = 5 ppm (7.5 mg/m ³)		STEL = 10 ppm (15 mg/m ³)	
Hydrogen Chloride	European (Commission directive 96/94)	USA (OSHA)								
	8hr TWA = 5 ppm (7.5 mg/m ³)	Ceiling Limit = 5 ppm (7.5 mg/m ³)								
	STEL = 10 ppm (15 mg/m ³)									
8.2 Exposure Controls:	Facilities using this mixture should be equipped with an eyewash and safety shower. Use general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below permissible exposure limits.									
8.2.1 Engineering controls										
8.2.2 General protective and hygienic measures:	The usual precautionary measures should be adhered to when handling chemicals.									
Eye Protection:	Safety glasses with side shields, goggles. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU). Eye and face protection regulations are described by OSHA (US) in 29CFR1910.133. Do not wear contact lenses when working with chemicals.									
Hand Protection:	Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.									
Breathing Equipment:	Appropriate respiratory protection should be determined according to local conditions using risk analysis protocols. An approved disposable air purifying particulate respirator may be used as a backup to engineering controls. Always use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).									
8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:	Contain spills, do not allow into environment									

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:	
a) Appearance:	Clear liquid, colorless to slight yellow.
b) Odor:	Pungent (slight)
c) Color/Threshold:	No Data Available
d) pH:	pH 1
e) Melting point/freezing point:	No Data Available
f) Boiling point/Boiling range:	No Data Available.
g) Flash point:	Not applicable.
h) Evaporation rate:	0.36 (Water) compared with n-Butyl Acetate = 1
i) Flammability (solid, gaseous):	No Data Available
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	No Data Available
k) Vapor pressure:	No Data Available
l) Vapor density:	No Data Available
m) Relative density:	No Data Available
n) Solubility(ies):	Fully miscible, water.
o) Partition Coefficient: n-Octanol/water:	No Data Available.
p) Auto-ignition temperature:	No Data Available
q) Decomposition temperature:	No Data Available
r) Viscosity:	No Data Available but should be similar to that of water
s) Explosive properties:	No Data Available.
t) Oxidizing properties:	No Data Available
9.2 Other information:	No further relevant information available.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:	No data available
10.2 Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid:	No specific data
10.5 Incompatible materials:	Metals, Alkali metals, bases, Amines
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

Information on Toxicological Effects			
Acute effects (toxicity tests):	7647-01-0 HCl1	Effect Dose	Species
Acute oral toxicity		LD50=900mg/kg	rabbit
Acute dermal toxicity		No data	
Acute inhalative toxicity		LC50 = 3124 mg/L	rat
Sensitization:	No sensitizing effects known		
CMR (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) effects:	No CMR effects		
Additional toxicological information:	No Additional Information		

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity:	Aquatic toxicity (1N HCl)	Effect dose	Exposure time	Species
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50=826 mg/L	96h	Leuciscus idus
	Acute daphnia toxicity	No data		
	Acute algae toxicity	No data		

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12.2 Persistence and degradability :	No Data Available
12.3 Bio accumulative potential:	No Data Available
12.4 Mobility in soil :	No Data Available
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:	Not available as a chemical safety assessment, not required/not conducted.
12.6 Other adverse effects:	No Data Available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods: Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Disposal of surplus or waste solutions must be in accordance with applicable local, state, and national laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1 UN-Number DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA:	UN1789
14.2 UN proper shipping name DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA:	HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA:	8
14.4 Packing group (DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA):	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Not hazardous to the environment.
14.6 Special precautions for user :	None
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code:	No information available.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
US Federal Regulations	
TSCA	CAS# 7647-01-0 is not listed on the TSCA inventory.
Health and Safety Reporting List	None listed.
Chemical Test Rule	None under a Chemical Test Rule.
CERCLA	CAS# 7647-01-0: 5000 lb final RQ, 2270 Kg final RQ.
SARA Section 302 (Extremely Hazardous Substances)	CAS# 7647-01-0: 500 lbTPQ.
Clean Air Act	CAS# 7647-01-0: is listed as a hazardous air pollutant (HAP).
Clean Water Act	CAS# 7647-01-0: is listed as a hazardous Substance under the CWA.
OSHA	CAS# 7647-01-0: is considered highly hazardous by OSHA.
US State Regulations	CAS# 7647-01-0: can be found on the following state right to know lists: CA, NJ, PA, MN, MA. CA Prep 65: no Significant Risk Level – none of the chemicals in this product are listed.
European/International Regulations	
REACH No	A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or its uses are exempted from registration, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.
Canada – DSL/NDSL	CAS# 7647-01-0: 1
Canada – WHMIS	WHMIS classification of E, D2A.
Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List	CAS# 7647-01-0 is listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List.
15.2 Chemical Safety assessment	Not carried out.

SECTION 16. Other information

This information is true based on our present knowledge. However, EnviroLogix makes no representation of its accuracy or completeness. Persons receiving this information must exercise their independent judgment in determining the product's safety and suitability for its intended use. This document shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

EHS Department
EnviroLogix Inc.

Codes:			
H250	May be Corrosive to Metals	P281	Use Personal Protective equipment as Required
H315	Causes Skin Irritation	P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
H318	Causes Serious Eye Damage	P305+ P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so Continue rinsing.